

# COVID-19

# Emergency Legal Preparedness Primer

As of June 19, 2020

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- ☐ COVID-19 Epi Snapshot
- □ Emergency Legal Preparedness/ Response/Recovery
  - Federal | State | Tribal | Local
- □ Public Health Emergency Powers
- □ Constitutional & Other Challenges
- □ Additional Resources/Ask the Network



### **COVID-19 Epi Snapshot**

### **Transmission**

- Transmissible person-to-person with potential infectivity rate exceeding annual influenza.
- Asymptomatic persons may clearly infect others.

### **Symptoms**

- Respiratory symptoms, fever, cough, breathing difficulties, chills, muscle pains, headache, sore throat & loss of smell/taste
- In severe cases infection can cause pneumonia, respiratory issues, kidney failure & death.

#### **Vaccines & Treatment**

 There are no effective treatments or vaccines although several options are under close review or early assessments.

### **U.S. COVID Morbidity**

People Who Are at Higher Risk for Severe Illness

Underlying health condition/Risk factor for severe outcomes from respiratory infection (% with condition)

- One or more conditions (37.6%)
- Diabetes (10.9%)
- Chronic lung disease (9.2%)
- Cardiovascular disease (9.2%)



People with Asthma



Older Adults

8 out of 10 deaths reported in the U.S. have been in adults 65 years old and older



Groups at Higher Risk for Severe Illness



People with HIV



### **COVID Multisystem Inflammatory** Syndrome - Children (MIS-C)

#### COVID-19 CHILDREN





#### ALERT FOR PARENTS

Pediatric Multi-System Inflammatory Syndrome Potentially Associated with COVID-19

Although rare, this condition can lead to serious and life-threatening complications if left untreated. Parents are urged to take note of the following signs/symptoms and monitor their children closely.



- Fever (> 100.4F or 38.0C)
- Red tongue that looks like a strawberry
- Red chapped lips that may crack and bleed
- Swollen hands and feet and red palms and
- A swollen lymph node or gland on one side
- Breathing difficulty or gasping breaths
- Confusion or disorientation
- Excessive irritability or lethargy (not
  - responding appropriately, not fully awakening)

- Decreased feeding (infants) or intake of fluids
- Call your pediatrician immediately if your child becomes sick and is exhibiting any of the above

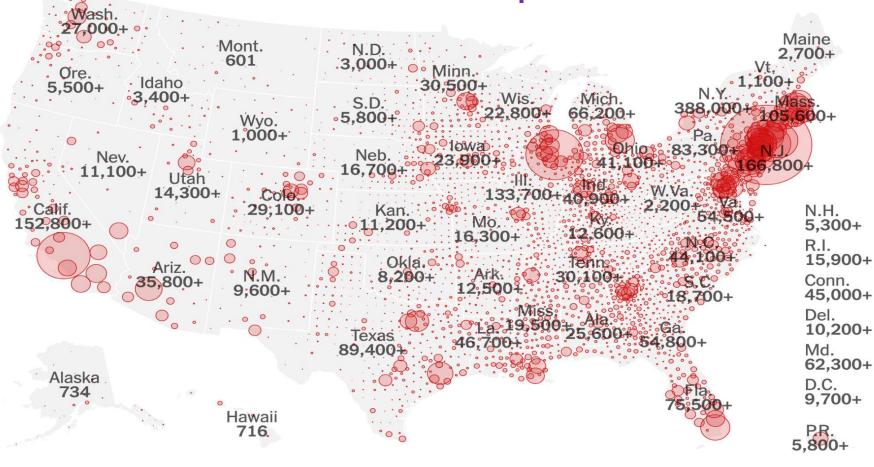
IF YOUR CHILD IS SEVERELY ILL, REPORT TO THE NEAREST EMERGENCY ROOM OR CALL 9-1-1

Source: https://islipny.gov/town-news/covid-19/683-pediatric-multi-system-inflammatory-syndrome-potentially-associatedwith-covid-19



#### **COVID-19 Confirmed Cases & Deaths**

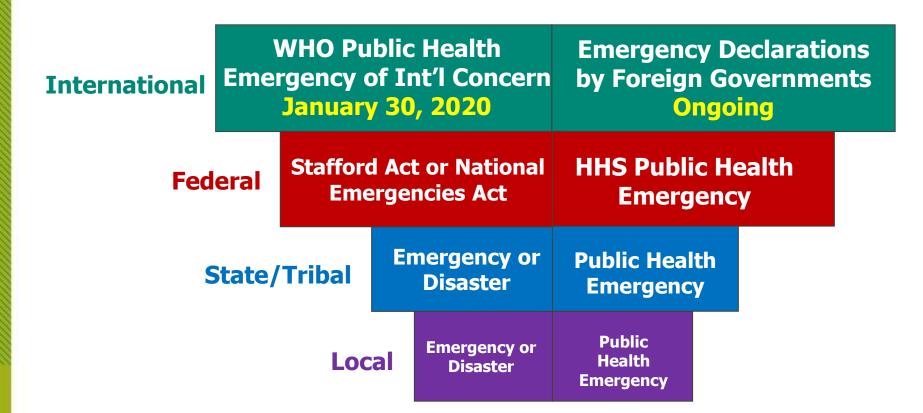
Global Cases 8.52 million | Deaths: 454,582 U.S. Cases 2.23 million | Deaths: 120,000 U.S. Stats 26% all cases | 26% all deaths





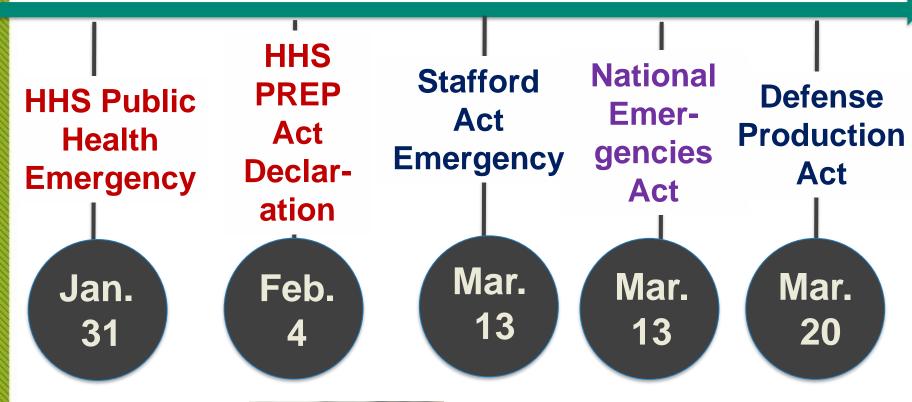
# Unprecedented Emergency Declarations

# Public health authorities and powers vary depending on the type of emergency declared at every level of government



#### The Network for Public Health Law

### Federal Emergencies/Invocations











### **HHS Public Health Emergency**

# Jan. 31: HHS Sec. Alex Azar declares national public health emergency effective as of Jan. 27



- Encourages interjurisdictional coordination
- Allows waivers of specific federal laws
- Authorizes real-time countermeasures through emergency use authorizations
- Supports social distancing measures

Apr. 21: Sec. Alex Azar renews PHE declaration for an additional 90 days



### **National Emergencies**







Mar. 13: President Trump declares dual emergencies via the National Emergencies Act and § 501(b) of the Stafford Act authorizing:

- Access to FEMA's Disaster Relief Fund and reimbursement for eligible emergency protective response measures.
- Waivers under SSA § 1135 of select Medicare,
   Medicaid, S-CHIP, HIPAA Privacy Rule requirements
- Additional types of federal assistance to states & localities



### **Select Congressional Responses**

3/14
Families First
Coronavirus
Response Act
provides paid
sick/quarantine
time & other
benefits



3/27

Congress passes
the CARES Act, the
largest economic
stimulus package in
history, providing
emergency financial
aid for families and
businesses

4/23

Congress passes
\$484 Paycheck
Protection
Program to
support small
businesses,
health care &
COVID testing

5/15
House passes
HEROES Act

providing more economic stimulus & funds for contact tracing

**5/08** 

House introduces bill to study racial and ethnic disparities tied to COVID.



# Families First Coronavirus Response Act





#### Mar. 18: Families First Coronavirus Response Act:

- Requires private health plans to provide no cost coverage for COVID-19 diagnostic tests
- Temporarily increases federal portion of Medicaid
- Releases millions \$ in assistance to domestic nutrition assistance programs (e.g., SNAP, WIC)
- Requires certain employers to provide employees 14 days of paid sick leave
- Releases an additional \$1 billion in FY2020 emergency grants for unemployment insurance benefits



# Coronavirus Aid, Relief & Economic Security (CARES) Act







# Mar. 27: Congress approves \$2.2 trillion CARES Act (largest stimulus package in history):

- Hundreds of billions \$ in emergency funding;
- Requires group health plans & insurance providers to cover testing, vaccines, and preventative services related to COVID-19 without cost sharing;
- Establishes a Ready Reserve Corps to ensure deployable workers are available for COVID-19 response;
- Provides explicit federal & state liability protections for volunteer
   HCWs assisting COVID-19 patients in good faith; and
- Authorizes disclosure of PHI to covered entities upon the onetime written consent of patient



### COVID-19 Additional Relief Package: Key Public Health Elements





**Apr. 24**: Congress approves \$484 billion Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) & Healthcare Enhancement Act to:

- Fund hospitals & healthcare providers for COVID-19 expenses;
- Support COVID-19 testing & contact tracing efforts;
- Fund federal agencies to support COVID-19 testing;
- Require governors receiving funds to submit a COVID-19 testing plan with goals for 2020; and
- Require HHS Secretary to periodically report on COVID-19 testing, cases & deaths.

Congress has now approved \$2.7 trillion in stimulus funds for or COVID-19.



### **Federal Agency Coordination**



























### **Emergency Waivers**

Mar. 13: HHS Sec. Azar issues § 1135 national waivers (retroactive effect on March 1) re:

- EMTALA sanctions for patient relocation purposes
- HIPAA Privacy Rule regulations (for limited duration)
- In-state licensure requirements for health care workers
- Participation restrictions on Medicare, Medicaid, & S-CHIP
- Medicare Advantage payment limitations
- Stark Law sanctions

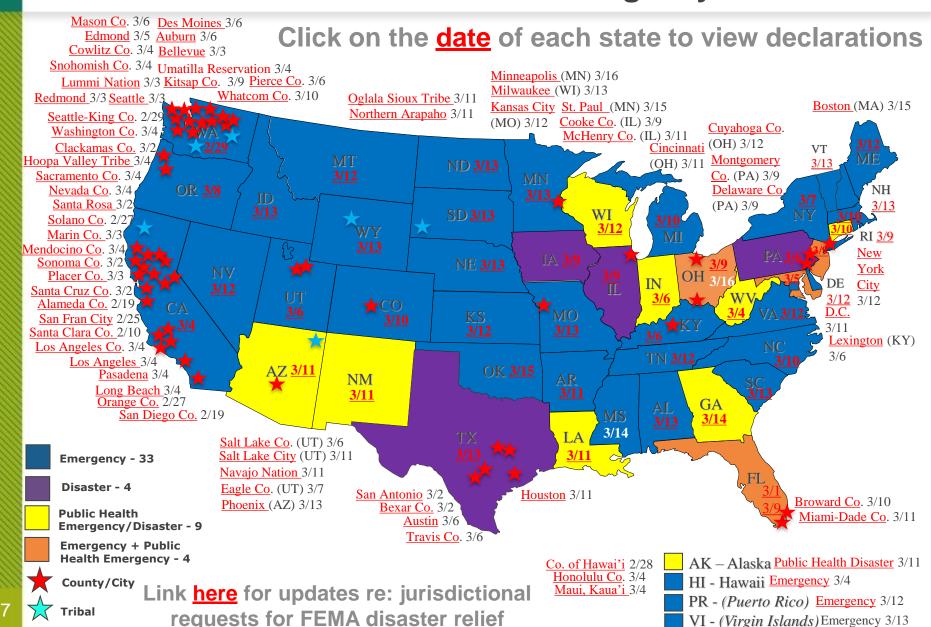


April 15: CMS updates waivers for health care providers re:

- Telemedicine provisions, facilitating Medicare services
- Patient rights surrounding access to medical records, visitation & seclusion
- Physical environments to allow care in non-hospital settings during surge



# COVID State & Select Tribal/Local Emergency Declarations





# Select State Emergency Powers Explicitly Invoked by Declarations

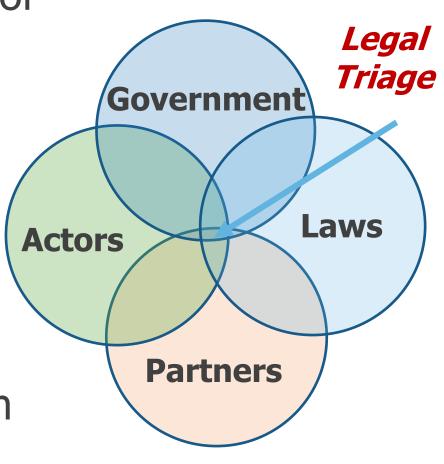
Note: this table tracks select, express authorities referenced via state emergency declarations (link on each state acronym for access). Additional emergency powers may be authorized under state law through which the declarations are issued.

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Emergency Powers	<u>A</u> <u>K</u>	<u>A</u> <u>Z</u>	<u>A</u> <u>R</u>	<u>C</u> <u>A</u>	<u>C</u> O	<u>C</u> <u>T</u>	<u>D</u> <u>E</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>H</u> [	<u>L</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>I</u> <u>A</u>	<u>K</u> <u>Y</u>	<u>L</u> <u>A</u>	<u>М</u> <u>Е</u>	<u>M</u> D	<u>M</u> <u>A</u>	<u>M</u> <u>I</u>	<u>J</u>	<u>N</u> <u>M</u>	<u>N</u> <u>Y</u>	<u>N</u> C	<u>О</u> <u>Н</u>	<u>O</u> <u>R</u>	<u>P</u> <u>A</u>	<u>R</u> <u>I</u>	<u>T</u> <u>N</u>	<u>V</u> <u>A</u>	U T	<u>W</u> <u>A</u>	<u>w</u> <u>v</u>	<u>W</u> <u>I</u>
Altered Contracts   Procurements																																
Emergency Plans   ICS																																
Funding   Resource Allocation																																
Intrastate Coordination																																
Isolation   Quarantine																																
Licensure Reciprocity																																
Price Controls re: Gouging																																
Surveillance   Reporting																																
Testing   Screening   Treatment		•																					•									
Travel Restrictions																																
Waivers   Suspensions																																



# Legal Triage

**Legal Triage**: efforts of legal actors & others during declared emergencies to build a favorable legal environment by prioritizing issues & solutions facilitating legitimate public health responses





# **Balancing Individual & Communal Interests**





# Select Structural & Rights-based

### **Constitutional Issues**



Separation of Powers



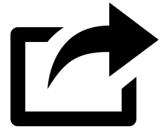
**Federalism** 



**Supremacy** 



**Preemption** 



Judicial Deference



Freedom of Expression



Freedom of Assembly



Freedom of Religion



**Due Process** 



Right to Privacy



Equal Protection



Right to Travel



Right to Bear Arms



Cruel & Unusual Punishment



**Takings** 



### **Emerging Legal Issues**





### **Screening & Testing**

March 3: VP Pence: "Any American can be tested . . . subject to doctor's orders."

March 21: Some health officials restrict coronavirus testing to HCWs & hospitalized persons, saying "the battle to contain the virus is lost [as we move] into a new phase of the pandemic response."

<u>April 11</u>: CMS issues guidance requiring insurers to cover diagnostic testing & related services with *no patient cost-sharing*.

<u>April 19</u>: Antibody tests key to reopening country are in high demand, yet tests' *availability* and *inaccuracies* raise alarms.

May 7: AZ Gov. Ducey withdraws access by university researchers to select health data for in-state surveillance, then reverses decision.









# **Face Mask Requirements**



Multiple states & localities issue requirements based on CDC recommendations to wear face masks in public places.

May 26: City of Nashua (New Hampshire) is sued on constitutional grounds over its face mask requirements.

June 17: AZ Governor Ducey allows localities to set specific requirements for face masks. Multiple AZ cities, including Scottsdale, Mesa, and Tucson, immediately respond.

June 18: CA Governor Newsom orders state-wide use of face masks in public places where social distancing cannot be assured.



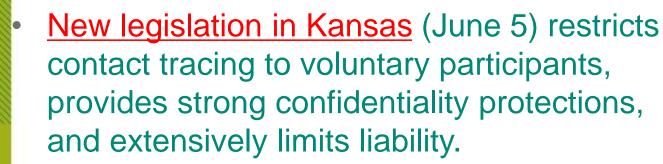
## **Contact Tracing**

Contact tracing - efforts typically led by public health agents to ascertain specific contacts of persons infected with COVID-19 and notify them of potential exposure and seek testing.



 States are hiring thousands for contact tracing activities within health agencies











## **Data Sharing & Privacy**



#### Click on images to access

March 2020

# COVID-19 & HIPAA Bulletin Limited Waiver of HIPAA Sanctions and Penalties During a Nationwide Public Health Emergency

The Novel Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) outbreak imposes additional challenges on health care providers. Often questions arise about the ability of entities covered by the HIPAA regulations to share information, including with friends and family, public health officials, and

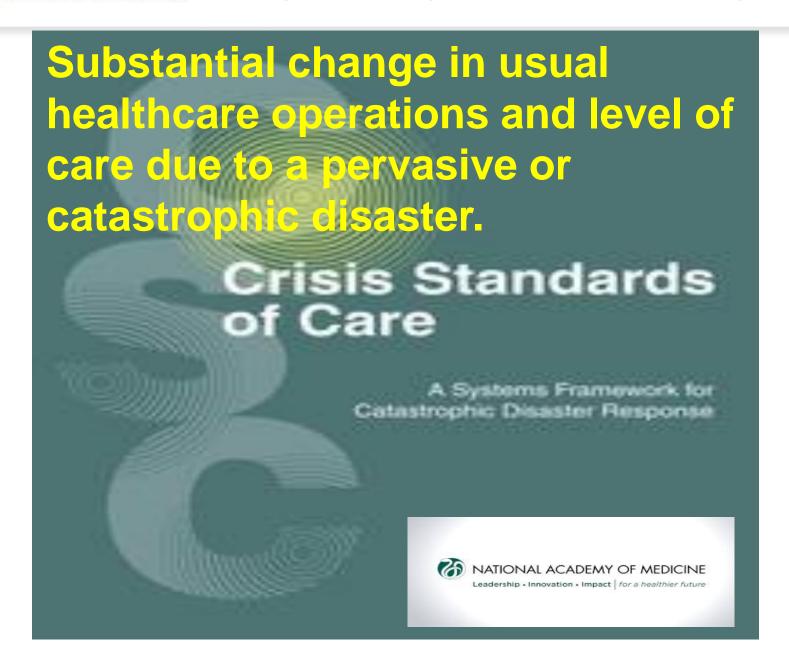
COVID-19 and HIPAA: Disclosures to law enforcement, paramedics, other first responders and public health authorities

Does the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) Privacy Rule allow a covered entity to share the name or other identifying information of an individual who has been infected with, or exposed to, the virus SARS-CoV-2, or the disease caused by the virus, Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19), with law enforcement, paramedics, other first responders, and public health authorities without an individual's authorization?

For additional expert analyses and guidance, contact Denise Chrysler, JD, or Sallie Milam, JD, CIPP/US/G, in our Network-MidStates Region

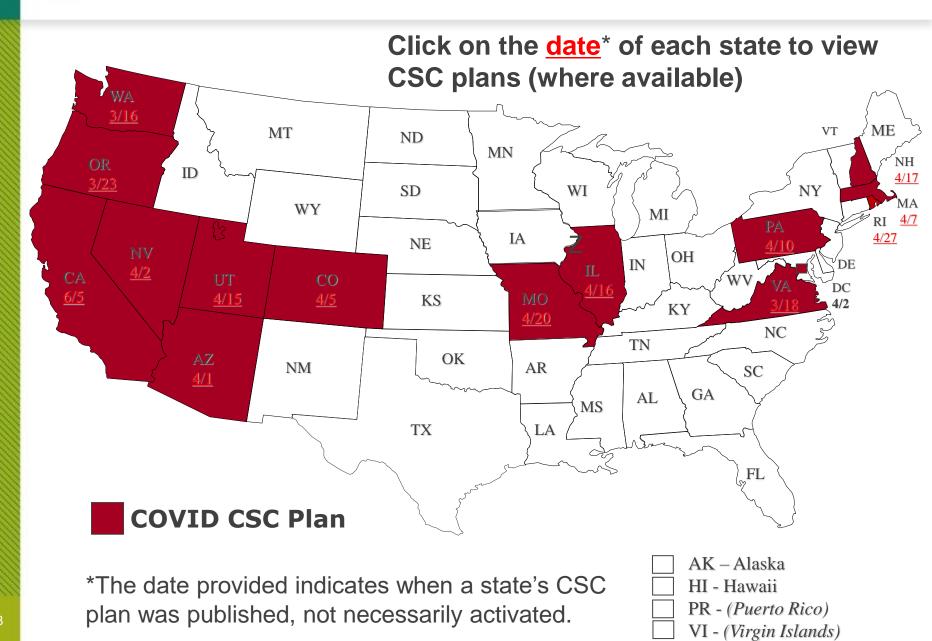


### **Crisis Standards of Care**





### Select States' COVID CSC Plans



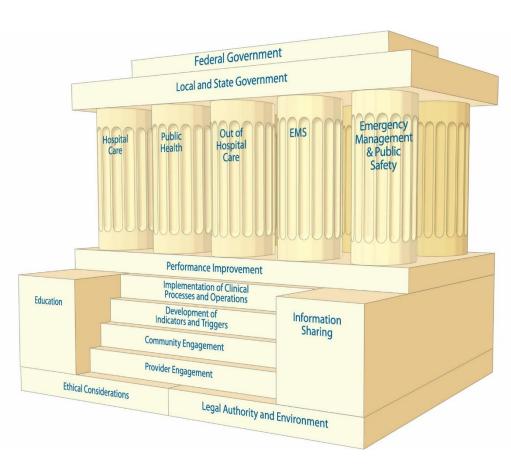


# **CSC Legal Issues**

#### Practical, Ethical, and Legal Challenges Underlying Crisis Standards of Care Click on article image to access

James G. Hodge, Jr., Dan Hanfling, and Tia P. Powell

- Allocation
- Patient's Rights
- Reimbursement
- Licensure
- Scope of Practice
- Civil Rights
- Duty to Care
- Uniformity
- Liability



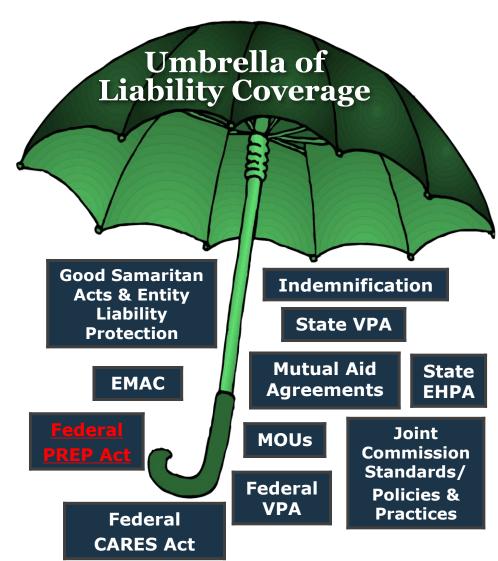


# **Emergency Liability Protections - Health Practitioners & Entities**



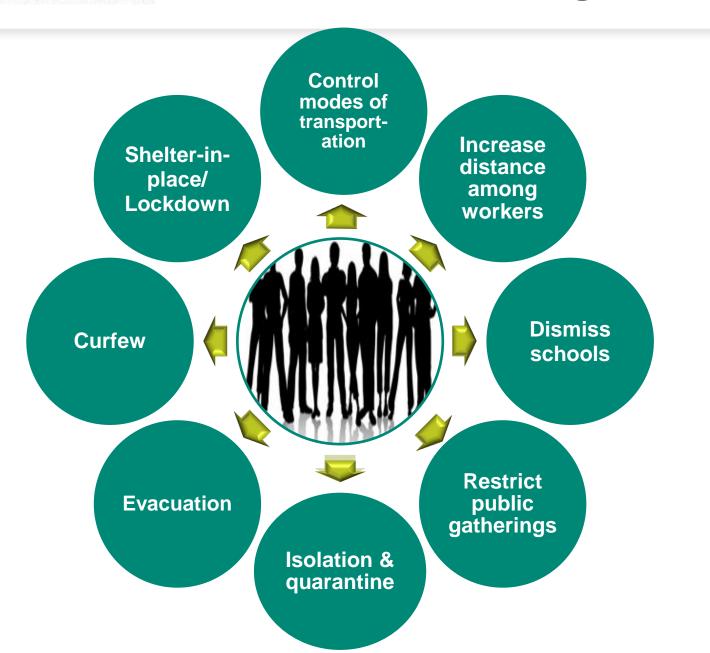


Despite risks, many legal liability protections apply in routine events & declared emergencies, especially concerning health care volunteers, workers, and entities.





### **Social Distancing Measures**





# **Quarantine & Isolation**

#### Quarantine

Separation from others of people exposed to a contagious condition prior to knowing if they may be ill or contagious



#### **Isolation**

Separation from others of people who are known to be infected, or capable of infecting others, with a contagious condition



See the National Conference of State Legislatures for a listing of <u>state-based quarantine and</u> isolation statutes.



### Federal Q & I



Jan. 31: CDC orders a 14-day quarantine of nearly 200 persons arriving at a U.S. military base in California 2 days prior on an evacuation flight from Wuhan, China.

Feb. 10: 4 additional flights amassing more than 800 Americans quarantined at 4 military bases.



Feb. 17: CDC quarantines 2 flights of over 300 Americans returning from the Diamond Princess cruise ship (in Yokohama, Japan) at Travis and Lackland Air Force bases.

Feb. 19: U.S. Daegu Army Base in South Korea imposes a self-quarantine of U.S. troop members attending a local church linked to COVID-19 infections.



### State/Local Q & I

# Option A: Temporary Quarantine or Isolation w/out Judicial Notice via Written Directive

### Option B: Quarantine or Isolation w/Judicial Notice

Agency petitions court for an order authorizing Q or I of an individual or group specifying:

- identity of the individual(s) or groups;
- premises subject to Q or I;
- date and time at which Q or I commences;
- · suspected contagious disease;
- statement of compliance with conditions and principles; and
- statement of the basis upon which such intervention is justified.
- Notice
- **Hearing:** held in proximity of petition, absent extraordinary circumstances.
- Order: if, by clear and convincing evidence, Q or I shown to be reasonably necessary to prevent or limit the transmission of a contagious or possibly contagious disease to others.



### **Q & I Best Practices**



Safe, hygienic premises



Monitoring & care



**Basic necessities** 



Means of communication Least restrictive means





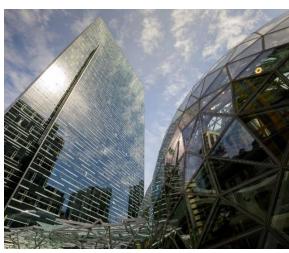
**Termination** 



#### **Closures & Cancellations**



Places of Worship



**Employers** 



Universities







Events

Sports

**Festivals** 



## **School Closures**







THE LEGAL LANDSCAPE FOR SCHOOL CLOSURES IN RESPONSE TO PANDEMIC FLU OR OTHER PUBLIC HEALTH THREATS

James G. Hodge, Jr.

Click here to access article

Feb. 16: CDC issues initial guidance intimating school mitigation could include possible closures

Mar. 13: Multiple states (e.g., OR, IL, MD, NM) determine to close schools for select periods of time followed by extensive closures in most states for all of Spring term

Apr. 22: Montana Governor Bullock allows local school districts to determine whether to re-open as soon as May 7

Apr. 27: President Trump suggests states should "seriously consider" reopening public schools despite safety concerns



## **Assembly Limits**

#### THE FIRST AMENDMENT

CONGRESS SHALL MAKE NO LAW RESPECTING AN ESTABLISHMENT OF RELIGION, OR PROHIBITING THE FREE EXERCISE THEREOF OR ABRIDGING THE FREEDOM OF SPEECH, OR OF THE PRESS OF THE RIGHT OF THE PEOPLE PEACEABLY TO ASSEMBLE, AND TO PETITION THE GOVERNMENT FOR A REDRESS OF GRIEVANGES. PROTECT THE FIRST AMENDMENT, SUPPORT THE CBLDF

- On what authority?
- By who specifically?
- At what governmental level?
- In what specific setting?
- For how long?



**Government limits on** assembly and speech are constitutional provided they are narrowly tailored to a substantial governmental interest & allow alternative channels for communication. Clark v. **Community for Creative** Nonviolence, 468 U.S. 288 (1984)



## **Curfews**







Mar. 29: Curfew order extends existing Stay at Home Order for the entire Navajo Nation. All persons, subject to some exceptions, must stay home from 8:00 p.m. - 5:00 a.m., 7 days a week.

May 5: Nearby Gallup, NM imposed strict confinement measures via use of "riot act" authorities allowed by NM Governor Michelle Lujan Grisham that ended on on May 10, 2020.



#### **U.S. Foreign Travel Restrictions**

Jan. 31: Trump Administration bans foreign national travel for those who have been in China w/in last 14 days and who pose a risk.

Feb. 29: Administration bans foreign national travel for those who have been in Iran, as well as travel warnings re: Italy, Japan & South Korea.

Mar. 11: President Trump institutes 30 day comprehensive travel ban for non-Americans arriving from EU, including U.K. & Ireland

Mar. 19: U.S. closes border with Canada & Mexico (through 7/20) to persons travelling for non-essential purposes (e.g. tourism).

**Apr. 21**: President Trump suspends limited immigration activities for 60 days.









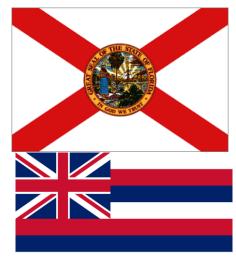


#### **U.S. Domestic Travel Restrictions**

## The New York Times

Mar. 26: "Governors Tell Outsiders From 'Hot Zone' to Stay Away as Virus Divides States"

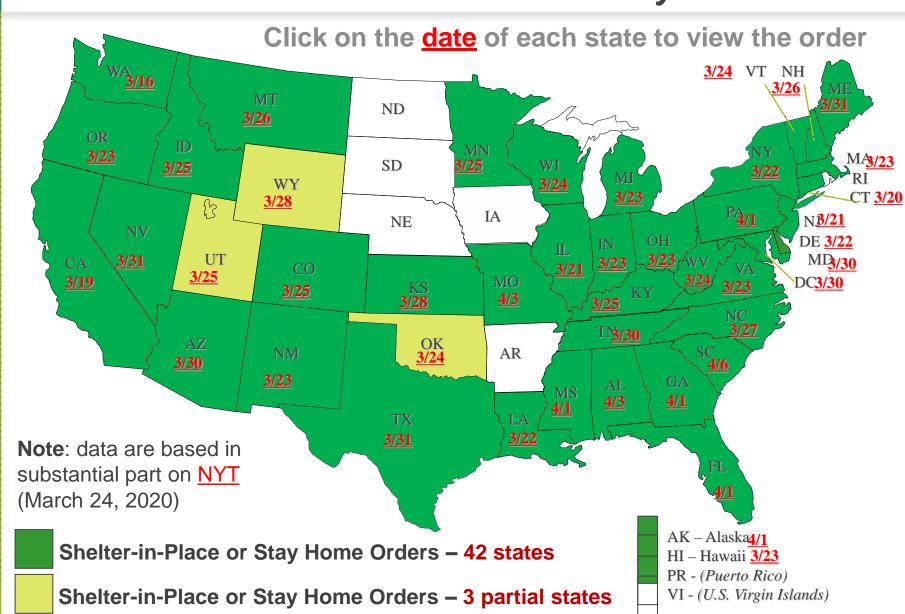
- □ Florida Governor Ron DeSantis orders 14 day quarantine against anyone arriving from NY in prior 3 weeks
- □ Hawaii Governor David Ige recommends all travelers postpone trips for 30 days and imposes 14 day quarantine on arrivals
- □ Alaska Governor Mike Dunleavy orders anyone (including residents) arriving in state to self-quarantine for 14 days







## State Shelter-In-Place or Stay Home Orders



## The Network Select Components of State Shelter-infor Public Health Law Place & Stay Home Orders

Component	C A	C T	D E	L	I N	L A	M A	M I	N Y	О Н	P A	O R	W V
Restricts Gatherings of "Any Number of People" Outside Household Unit					•			·		٠		٠	•
Restricts Gatherings >10						•							-
Closes Non-Essential Businesses per CISA													
Exempts Religious Establishments					•								•
Bans Leaving Homes for Non-Essential Purposes			•	•		•		•		•		٠	•
No Non-Essential Travel													
Explicitly Addresses Homelessness													
Duration >2 Weeks													
Allows for Reauthorization													
Opportunities for Additional Exceptions													
Criminal Penalties													
Limits Local Responses													



## **Assembly Protests**

April 15: In Michigan, thousands protested Governor Whitmer's stay-at-home order at the state capitol in Lansing. Organized by the Michigan Conservative Coalition, protesters voiced concerns over harms to workers & businesses.

Additional protests have arisen in other states, including Arizona, California, Florida, Idaho, Maryland, Minnesota, North Carolina, Texas & Virginia





## **Justifying Social Distancing**



Assess Epi



**Assure Mobilization** 



**Acquire PPE** 



**Find Treatments** 



**Develop Vaccines** 



Save Lives



## **Assessing the Consequences**



Unemployment



Business Failures Government Bailouts





**Active Protests** 



Mental Health

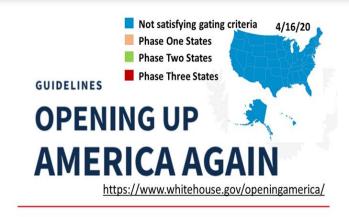


**Lost Lives** 



## **Re-Opening America**





April 16: The White House releases guidelines for "Opening Up America Again," a 3 phased approach for state/local officials to consider. States must first meet regional gating criteria:

- Downward trajectory of COVID illnesses reported w/in 14 days
- Downward trajectory of cases or positive tests w/in 14 days
- Hospitals must treat all patients outside CSC or implementation of a "robust reporting system"

April 21: U.S. Attorney General William Barr instructs U.S. Attorneys to litigate against states failing to comply with national re-opening strategies



## **Re-opening Phases**

## Phase 1

## Phase 2

#### Phase 3

- Vulnerable individuals shelter-in-place
- Practice social distancing and avoid socializing in groups >10
- Employers
   should
   encourage
   telework and
   most businesses
   remain closed
- Resume non-essential travel
- Schools, gyms, and bars may re-open
- Vulnerable individuals may resume public interactions, with social distancing
- Large venues may reopen



## **Re-opening Efforts**



**Essential Business** 



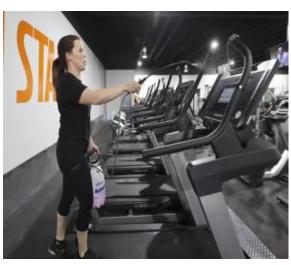
Light Retail



Salons & Barbers



Bars



Gyms



Restaurants



## **Legal Controversies**



Federal v. State



State v. Tribal



Employee v. Employer



State v. Local



Public v. Private Sector



## Federal v. State





May 19: A high ranking DOJ official sent a letter to California Governor Newsom, threatening to intervene if CA does not alter its stay home order and re-opening policy.

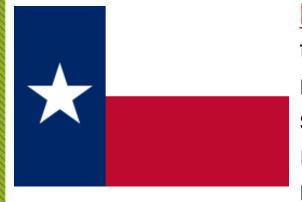
- While restaurants and malls can open in phase 2, religious entities cannot do so until phase 3.
- DOJ characterizes this deferential treatment as unconstitutional pursuant to Lukumi v. City of Hialeah.
- Houses of worship may now open in limited capacity after being classified "essential" by President Trump.



## State v. Local



May 12: Pennsylvania Governor Tom Wolf threatens multiple counties attempting to open businesses in contravention of existing statelevel stay-at-home orders with denial of discretionary federal funds and various sanctions for offending businesses including loss of license and payment of unemployment benefits for employees unwilling to work for safety reasons.



May 13: Texas Attorney General issues <u>letter</u> to local officials in Dallas, Austin, and other municipalities to cease enforcement of multiple social distancing and preventive measures related to religious institutions, wearing of masks, and contact tracing efforts under threat of litigation.



# Wisconsin S. Ct Rejects Stay Home Order





May 13: In Wisconsin Legislature v. Palm, the WI Supreme Court determined that Department of Health Secretary Andrea Palm's stay home "order" issued pursuant to Governor Evers' emergency declaration was actually an unconstitutionally crafted "rule," and consequentially nullified the order.





## State v. Tribal

## **Reopening Communities**

- NM Gov. Michelle Lujan Grisham invoked emergency powers to lock down the City of Gallup to stop tribal members (largely from Navajo Nation) from spreading COVID to state residents.
- St. Regis Mohawk Tribe in NY remains closed with a curfew as the region around it reopens, preventing visitors from entering the community.

#### **Restricting Travel**

 SD Gov. Kristi Noem ordered checkpoints on state highways to be removed and requested Pres. Trump for federal assistance when tribes refused.

## **Reopening Casinos**

 CT Gov. Ned Lamont recognized the Mashantucket Pequot and Mohegan Tribes' sovereignty over reopening decisions but warned of impacts of reopening casinos on state and tribal partnerships, as well as public health.

## The Network for Public Health Law Public v. Private Litigation

Friends of Danny DeVito v. Wolf - On April 13, PA's Supreme Court ruled that the temporary closure of non-essential businesses within the scope of the Governor's emergency order did not constitute a taking.

Poopy's Pub & Grub v. J.R. Pritzker - After Poopy's held a large MMD party in violation of IL Gov. Pritzker's stay-at-home order, its owner sued, alleging due process violations.

Tesla Inc. v. Alameda County - On May 9, Tesla sued Alameda County, CA alleging it violated principles of due process & equal protection by disallowing Tesla to operate its manufacturing plant. The case was dismissed after Tesla was allowed to do basic, preparatory operations.

House of Pain Gym v. St. Louis County - On May 4, 2 gym locations in St. Louis County, MO opened despite their "non-essential" status and were fined. They sued alleging equal protection, due process, and takings violations.

Open Our Oregon v. Kate Brown - On May 5, 9 businesses sued Gov. Brown contending that closing their businesses violates due process, equal protection, and a taking. A U.S. district court judge denied the businesses' motion for emergency injunction.



## **Employee Legal Claims**

- Workers compensation often exclusive remedy for workplace injuries
- Wrongful termination e.g., employee faces adverse action for seeking protections
- Discrimination e.g., persons are discriminated based on age, parenthood, health, sex, or other protected characteristics
- Nuisance e.g., employer workplace hazards pose public or private nuisance
- Negligence & intentional torts e.g., employer fails to implement CDC/OSHA safety measures



#### **Current or New Wave?**



June 15: Public health officials are concerned about adding to current or 2<sup>nd</sup> wave of cases related to multiple factors including:

- Widespread business re-opening practices in many states;
- States' rescinding stay-home and shelter-in-place orders;
- National protests concerning racial unrest over police violence;
   American's active resistance to continued diligence re: social distancing and face mask requirements; and
- Political and other gatherings leading into national elections



## Select Acts of Intimidation of Public Health Officials

- Since <u>April</u>, at least 27 state & local health leaders have "resigned, retired, or been fired" in 13 states.
- In <u>April & May</u>, the Tri-County Health
  Department (in CO) was vandalized on 3
  different occasions (i.e., broken windows,
  spray painting vulgarities, harassing notes).
- As of May 9, the residence of Ohio's state health director was picketed on 3 occasions. On June 11, armed protestors surrounded the property, lending to her resignation that same day.
- As of <u>June 8</u>, the health officer of Orange County (CA) resigned after public meeting and social media threats.









#### **Thank You Contributors!**



Sarah Wetter, JD, MPH



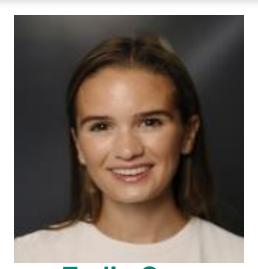
**Elyse Pendergrass, ASU JD Candidate** 



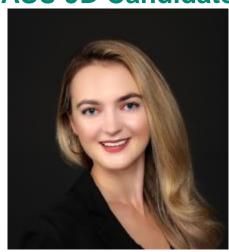
Michelle Notrica, PharmD, JD, MPH



Hanna Reinke, ASU JD Candidate



**Emily Carey, ASU JD Candidate** 



Claudia Reeves,
ASU JD Candidate



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Social Distancing Powers

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Care Workers
and Entities

Hospital
Emergency Legal
Preparedness

State and Local Preparedness

Emergency
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Mental and
Behavioral
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Preparedness

Model Emergency Laws Emerging
Threats
Preparedness
and Response

Crisis Standards of Care

Public Health
Emergency
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